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9	INGRID & ISABEL, LLC	Attorneys for Defendant/Counterclaimant BABY BE MINE, LLC			
10		DADT DE MINE, EEC			
11	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT				
12	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA				
13	SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION				
14	DIODID 6 10 A DEL DIO CO 1'C '	CAGENIO COO 00554 ICC			
15	INGRID & ISABEL, INC., a California corporation, and INGRID & ISABEL, LLC, a California limited liability company,	CASE NO. C08-02554 JCS			
16	Plaintiffs,	[PROPOSE D] STIPULATED			
17	V.	PROTECTIVE ORDER			
18					
19	BABY BE MINE, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company,				
20	Defendants.				
21	AND RELATED COUNTERCLAIMS.				
22	THE RESERVED COUNTRICES MINES.				
23	1. PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS	<u>S</u>			
24	Disclosure and discovery activity in this action are likely to involve production of				
25	confidential, proprietary, or private information for which special protection from public disclosure				
26	and from use for any purpose other than prosecuting this litigation would be warranted. Accordingly,				
27	the parties hereby stipulate to and petition the court to enter the following Stipulated Protective Order.				
28	The parties acknowledge that this Order does not confer blanket protections on all disclosures or				
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2.8

'Confidential" or as "Highly Confidential – Attorneys' Eyes Only."

Protected Material: any Disclosure or Discovery Material that is designated as

to limit any such designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate standards. A

material it would like copied and produced. During the inspection and before the designation, all of

- 1				
1	the material made available for inspection shall be deemed "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL –			
2	ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY." After the inspecting Party has identified the documents it wants			
3	copied and produced, the Producing Party must determine which documents, or portions thereof,			
4	qualify for protection under this Order, then, before producing the specified documents, the Producin			
5	Party must affix the appropriate legend ("CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL –			
6	ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY") at the top of each page that contains Protected Material. If only a			
7	portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also must			
8	clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the margins) and			
9	must specify, for each portion, the level of protection being asserted (either "CONFIDENTIAL" or			
0	"HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY").			
11	(b) <u>for testimony given in deposition or in other pretrial or trial</u>			
12	<u>proceedings</u> , that the Party or non-party offering or sponsoring the testimony identify on the record,			
13	before the close of the deposition, hearing, or other proceeding, all protected testimony, and further			
14	specify any portions of the testimony that qualify as "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS"			
15	EYES ONLY." When it is impractical to identify separately each portion of testimony that is entitled			
16	to protection, and when it appears that substantial portions of the testimony may qualify for			
7	protection, the Party or non-party that sponsors, offers, or gives the testimony may invoke on the			
18	record (before the deposition or proceeding is concluded) a right to have up to 20 days to identify the			
19	specific portions of the testimony as to which protection is sought and to specify the level of			
20	protection being asserted ("CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS"			
21	EYES ONLY"). Only those portions of the testimony that are appropriately designated for protectio			
22	within the 20 days shall be covered by the provisions of this Stipulated Protective Order.			
23	Transcript pages containing Protected Material must be separately bound by			
24	the court reporter, who must affix to the top of each such page the legend "CONFIDENTIAL" or			
25	"HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," as instructed by the Party or nonpar			
26	offering or sponsoring the witness or presenting the testimony.			
27	(c) <u>for information produced in some form other than documentary, and</u>			

for any other tangible items, that the Producing Party affix in a prominent place on the exterior of the

5.3 <u>Inadvertent Failures to Designate</u>. If timely corrected, an inadvertent failure to designate qualified information or items as "Confidential" or "Highly Confidential – Attorneys' Eyes Only" does not, standing alone, waive the Designating Party's right to secure protection under this Order for such material. If material is appropriately designated as "Confidential" or "Highly Confidential – Attorneys' Eyes Only" after the material was initially produced, the Receiving Party, on timely notification of the designation, must make reasonable efforts to assure that the material is treated in accordance with the provisions of this Order.

6. CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS

- 6.1 <u>Timing of Challenges</u>. Unless a prompt challenge to a Designating Party's confidentiality designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable substantial unfairness, unnecessary economic burdens, or a later significant disruption or delay of the litigation, a Party does not waive its right to challenge a confidentiality designation by electing not to mount a challenge promptly after the original designation is disclosed.
- 6.2 Meet and Confer. A Party that elects to initiate a challenge to a Designating Party's confidentiality designation must do so in good faith and must begin the process by conferring directly (in voice to voice dialogue; other forms of communication are not sufficient) with counsel for the Designating Party. In conferring, the challenging Party must explain the basis for its belief that the confidentiality designation was not proper and must give the Designating Party an opportunity to review the designated material, to reconsider the circumstances, and, if no change in designation is offered, to explain the basis for the chosen designation. A challenging Party may proceed to the next stage of the challenge process only if it has engaged in this meet and confer process first.
- 6.3 <u>Judicial Intervention</u>. A Party that elects to press a challenge to a confidentiality designation after considering the justification offered by the Designating Party may file

1	and serve a motion under Civil Local Rule 7 (and in compliance with Civil Local Rule 79-5, if			
2	applicable) that identifies the challenged material and sets forth in detail the basis for the challenge			
3	Each such motion must be accompanied by a competent declaration that affirms that the movant ha			
4	complied with the meet and confer requirements imposed in the preceding paragraph and that sets			
5	forth with specificity the justification for the confidentiality designation that was given by the			
6	Designating Party in the meet and confer dialogue.			
7	The burden of persuasion in any such challenge proceeding shall be on the			
8	Designating Party. Until the court rules on the challenge, all parties shall continue to afford the			
9	material in question the level of protection to which it is entitled under the Producing Party's			
10	designation.			
11	7. ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL			
12	7.1 <u>Basic Principles</u> . A Receiving Party may use Protected Material that is			
13	disclosed or produced by another Party or by a non-party in connection with this case only for			

prosecuting, defending, or attempting to settle this litigation. Such Protected Material may be disclosed only to the categories of persons and under the conditions described in this Order. When the litigation has been terminated, a Receiving Party must comply with the provisions of section 11,

Protected Material must be stored and maintained by a Receiving Party at a location and in a secure manner that ensures that access is limited to the persons authorized under this Order.

- 7.2 Disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items. Unless otherwise ordered by the court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party may disclose any information or item designated CONFIDENTIAL only to:
- the Receiving Party's Outside Counsel of record in this action, as well (a) as employees of said Counsel to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the information for this litigation and who have signed the "Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order" that is attached hereto as Exhibit A;
- (b) the officers, directors, and employees (including House Counsel) of the Receiving Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed

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below (FINAL DISPOSITION).

1	the "Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order" (Exhibit A);		
2	(c) experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom		
3	disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the "Agreement to Be		
4	Bound by Protective Order" (Exhibit A);		
5	(d) the Court and its personnel;		
6	(e) court reporters, their staffs, and professional vendors to whom		
7	disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the "Agreement to Be		
8	Bound by Protective Order" (Exhibit A);		
9	(f) during their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom disclosure is		
10	reasonably necessary and who have signed the "Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order"		
11	(Exhibit A). Pages of transcribed deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal Protected		
12	Material must be separately bound by the court reporter and may not be disclosed to anyone except a		
13	permitted under this Stipulated Protective Order.		
14	(g) the author of the document or the original source of the information.		
15	7.3 <u>Disclosure of "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY"</u>		
16	<u>Information or Items</u> . Unless otherwise ordered by the court or permitted in writing by the		
17	Designating Party, a Receiving Party may disclose any information or item designated "HIGHLY		
18	CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" only to:		
19	(a) the Receiving Party's Outside Counsel of record in this action, as well		
20	as employees of said Counsel to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the information for this		
21	litigation and who have signed the "Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order" that is attached		
22	hereto as Exhibit A;		
23	(b) Experts (as defined in this Order) (1) to whom disclosure is reasonably		
24			
25	(Exhibit A);		
26	(c) the Court and its personnel;		
27	(d) court reporters, their staffs, and professional vendors to whom		
28	disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the "Agreement to Be		

1 Bound by Protective Order" (Exhibit A); and 2 the author of the document or the original source of the information. 7.4 Procedures for Approving Disclosure of "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL -3 ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" Information or Items to "Experts" 4 5 Unless otherwise ordered by the court or agreed in writing by the (a) 6 Designating Party, a Party that seeks to disclose to an "Expert" (as defined in this Order) any information or item that has been designated "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES 7 ONLY" first must make a written request to the Designating Party that (1) identifies the specific 8 HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL information that the Receiving Party seeks permission to disclose to the 10 Expert, (2) sets forth the full name of the Expert and the city and state of his or her primary residence, 11 (3) attaches a copy of the Expert's current resume, (4) identifies the Expert's current employer(s), (5) identifies each person or entity from whom the Expert has received compensation for work in his or 12 13 her areas of expertise or to whom the expert has provided professional services at any time during the 14 preceding five years, and (6) identifies (by name and number of the case, filing date, and location of 15 court) any litigation in connection with which the Expert has provided any professional services 16 during the preceding five years. 17 (b) A Party that makes a request and provides the information specified in 18 the preceding paragraph may disclose the subject Protected Material to the identified Expert unless, 19 within seven court days of delivering the request, the Party receives a written objection from the 20 Designating Party. Any such objection must set forth in detail the grounds on which it is based. 21 (c) A Party that receives a timely written objection must meet and confer 22 with the Designating Party (through direct voice to voice dialogue) to try to resolve the matter by 23 agreement. If no agreement is reached, the Party seeking to make the disclosure to the Expert may file 24 a motion as provided in Civil Local Rule 7 (and in compliance with Civil Local Rule 79-5, if applicable) seeking permission from the court to do so. Any such motion must describe the 25 26 circumstances with specificity, set forth in detail the reasons for which the disclosure to the Expert is 27 reasonably necessary, assess the risk of harm that the disclosure would entail and suggest any additional means that might be used to reduce that risk. In addition, any such motion must be 28

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accompanied by a competent declaration in which the movant describes the parties' efforts to resolve the matter by agreement (i.e., the extent and the content of the meet and confer discussions) and sets forth the reasons advanced by the Designating Party for its refusal to approve the disclosure.

In any such proceeding the Party opposing disclosure to the Expert shall bear the burden of proving that the risk of harm that the disclosure would entail (under the safeguards proposed) outweighs the Receiving Party's need to disclose the Protected Material to its Expert.

8. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED IN OTHER LITIGATION.

If a Receiving Party is served with a subpoena or an order issued in other litigation that would compel disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," the Receiving Party must so notify the Designating Party, in writing (by fax, if possible) immediately and in no event more than three court days after receiving the subpoena or order. Such notification must include a copy of the subpoena or court order.

The Receiving Party also must immediately inform in writing the Party who caused the subpoena or order to issue in the other litigation that some or all the material covered by the subpoena or order is the subject of this Protective Order. In addition, the Receiving Party must deliver a copy of this Stipulated Protective Order promptly to the Party in the other action that caused the subpoena or order to issue.

The purpose of imposing these duties is to alert the interested parties to the existence of this Protective Order and to afford the Designating Party in this case an opportunity to try to protect its confidentiality interests in the court from which the subpoena or order issued. The Designating Party shall bear the burdens and the expenses of seeking protection in that court of its confidential material — and nothing in these provisions should be construed as authorizing or encouraging a Receiving Party in this action to disobey a lawful directive from another court.

9. <u>UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL</u>

If a Receiving Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed Protected Material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this Stipulated Protective Order,

the Receiving Party must immediately (a) notify in writing the Designating Party of the unauthorized disclosures, (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all copies of the Protected Material, (c) inform the person or persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the terms of this Order, and (d) request such person or persons to execute the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" that is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

10. FILING PROTECTED MATERIAL

Without written permission from the Designating Party or a court order secured after appropriate notice to all interested persons, a Party may not file in the public record in this action any Protected Material. A Party that seeks to file under seal any Protected Material must comply with Civil Local Rule 79-5.

11. <u>FINAL DISPOSITION</u>

Unless otherwise ordered or agreed in writing by the Producing Party, within sixty days after the final termination of this action, each Receiving Party must return all Protected Material to the Producing Party. As used in this subdivision, "all Protected Material" includes all copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries or any other form of reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material. With permission in writing from the Designating Party, the Receiving Party may destroy some or all of the Protected Material instead of returning it. Whether the Protected Material is returned or destroyed, the Receiving Party must submit a written certification to the Producing Party (and, if not the same person or entity, to the Designating Party) by the sixty day deadline that identifies (by category, where appropriate) all the Protected Material that was returned or destroyed and that affirms that the Receiving Party has not retained any copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries or other forms of reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material. Notwithstanding this provision, Counsel are entitled to retain an archival copy of all pleadings, motion papers, transcripts, legal memoranda, correspondence or attorney work product, even if such materials contain Protected Material. Any such archival copies that contain or constitute Protected Material remain subject to this Protective Order as set forth in Section 4 (DURATION), above.

12. MISCELLANEOUS

12.1 <u>Right to Further Relief.</u> Nothing in this Order abridges the right of any person

1	to seek its modification by the Court in the future.				
2	12.2 <u>Right to Assert Other Objections</u> . By stipulating to the entry of this Protective				
3	Order no Party waives any right it otherwise would have to object to disclosing or producing any				
4	information or item on any ground not addressed in this Stipulated Protective Order. Similarly, no				
5	Party waives any right to object on any ground to use in evidence of any of the material covered by				
6	this Protective Order.				
7	IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEL OF RECORD.				
8	Dated:9/8/0	08	CARR & FERRELL LLP		
9					
10		В	y: /s/ Christine S. Watson ROBERT J. YORIO		
11			ILENE H. GOLDBERG CHRISTINE S. WATSON		
12			CHRISTOPHER P. GREWE		
13			Attorneys for Plaintiffs/Counterdefendants INGRID & ISABEL, INC. and INGRID & ISABEL, LLC		
14			INGRID & ISABEL, LEC		
15	Dated:9/5/0	08	LAW OFFICES OF ROBERT N. LEVIN, P.C.		
16					
17		B	y: /s/ Robert N. Levin ROBERT N. LEVIN		
18			Attorneys for Defendant/Counterclaimant BABY BE MINE, LLC		
19			Brib'r BE WillyB, EEC		
20	Dated: 9/5/0	08	CRAIGIE, MCCARTHY & CLOW		
21		_	/ / D / W O / ·		
22		B	y: <u>/s/ Peter W. Craigie</u> PETER W. CRAIGIE		
23			Attorneys for Defendant/Counterclaimant BABY BE MINE, LLC		
24			BABY BE MINE, LLC		
25	PURSUANT TO STIPULATION, IT IS SO ORDERED.				
26			IT IS SO ORDERED		
27	Dated: Septembe	er 10, 2008			
28	Daica	<u>:</u>	HON. JOSEPH C. Spero United States Magis Judge Joseph C. Spero		
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			No. C08-02554 JCS)		
			No. C08-02554 JCS) DISTRICT OF		

1 EXHIBIT A 2 ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND I, [print or type full name], of 3 [print or type full address], declare under penalty of perjury that I have read in its entirety and 4 5 understand the Stipulated Protective Order that was issued by the United States District Court for the Northern District of California on in the case of *Ingrid & Isabel, Inc., et al. v. Baby* 6 7 Be Mine, LLC, Case No. C08-02554 JCS. I agree to comply with and to be bound by all the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order and I understand and acknowledge that failure to so comply 8 could expose me to sanctions and punishment in the nature of contempt. I solemnly promise that I 10 will not disclose in any manner any information or item that is subject to this Stipulated Protective 11 Order to any person or entity except in strict compliance with the provisions of this Order. 12 I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the 13 Northern District of California for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this Stipulated Protective 14 Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after termination of this action. I hereby appoint _____ [print or type full name] of 15 [print or type full address and telephone number] 16 17 as my California agent for service of process in connection with this action or any proceedings 18 related to enforcement of this Stipulated Protective Order. 19 20 21 City and State where sworn and signed: 22 Printed name: ______[printed name] 23 24 Signature: _____ 25 26 27 28

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